

Canada's Military can only be bound to the people of Canada

The National Defence Act establishes the Department of National Defence and the Canadian Armed Forces as two separate and distinct legal entities. The National Defence Act stipulates that the Minister of National Defence has the management and direction of the Canadian Armed Forces and provides authority for a Deputy Minister and Chief of the Defence Staff.

The primary purpose of Canada's Armed Forces (CAF) is to defend and enforce the Rule-of-Law "for" all the people of Canada.

This includes the right of the people of Canada to form their own government at any time. After all, it was the Last Will and Testament of Queen Victoria that Canada be set free to create their own Constitution and government.

Therefore, anything the CAF does to trespass against Queen Victoria's Last Will and Testament, as in, attempting to thwart the people of Canada from also fulfilling Queen Victoria's Last Will and Testament, would be an act of "Treason" for acting both against the Last Will of Queen Victoria and the current will of the people of Canada.

This is why Canada's Armed Forces true allegiance, can only ever be to the people of Canada and to no where else.

In the meantime, the Crown (wink) is simply "acting" in the capacity of temporary Trustee until the Beneficiaries, the people of Canada, get their "act" together and form their own government.

What can be done if Last Will and Testament of Queen Victoria's is not followed?

Note, the fact that Canada's elected officials have successfully conspired to deceive and distract the people of Canada for 120+ years from forming their own government, does not constitute a defense to continue.

FRAUD noun

wrongful or criminal deception intended to result in financial or personal gain (no matter who does)

In law, fraud is intentional deception to secure unfair or unlawful gain, or to deprive a victim of a legal right.

As Lord Denning stated "No Court in this land will allow a person to keep an advantage he has obtained by fraud. No judgment of a court, no order of a Minister, can be allowed to stand if it has been obtained by fraud. Fraud unravels everything. The court is careful not to find fraud unless it is distinctly pleaded and proved; but once it is proved it vitiates judgments, contracts and all transactions whatsoever - Lord Denning

Can an executor be legally removed?

Therefore, an Executor may be legally removed in the case that they fail to complete their duties. If they do not follow the Last Will and Testament and purposely undermines the best interest of the Testator, there is every reason for appropriate removal.

If the Executor stole from the estate, incorrectly maintained records, hid assets, or did not follow the wishes of the Testator, then the Executor is subject to immediate removal.

If the court removes the Executor, then they are responsible for appointing a new one to take their place. The Executor will be held personally liable for any improper actions taken. A Beneficiary can file a lawsuit against the Executor to urge the removal of the Executor in the instance that the Will and Last Testament is not properly followed.

Therefore, the CAF cannot knowingly continue in engaging in the fraud of Canada, and by not executing their duties, oaths and promises to fulfill Queen Victoria's Last Will and Testament and or to the people of Canada now that the fraud of is exposed.